# Step-by-Step Guide: Variant Calling

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You have been provided with a text file which contains six sample IDs, upload by clicking on the upload button and dropping the file.

**Data:** Click this **LINK** to access the data, then **import history** accordingly **[change history** name to ACEMFS\_Your-Name].

## **Quality Control**

N.B.: Skip "Obtain Fastq files" if you click the data LINK above.

# Obtain Fastq files:

- 1. In the toolbar, click on Get Data
- 2. Choose "Download and Extract Reads in FASTA/Q format from NCBI SRA"
- 3. Change the select input type to "List of SRA accession', then choose your sample ID file and run the tool
- 4. In this tutorial, we'll use six datasets.

| Sample ID   | Condition |
|-------------|-----------|
| SRR15044361 | test      |
| SRR15044360 | test      |
| SRR15044359 | test      |
| SRR15044358 | control   |
| SRR15044357 | control   |
| SRR15044356 | control   |

# Perform QC:

- 1. In the search bar, type **fastqc**
- 2. Choose the desired fastq files (paired end) in the raw read tab.
- 3. Leave all other tabs unchanged
- 4. Once it runs, two files are generated: a raw data file and a Webpage file
- 5. View the result by clicking on the webpage file produced
- 6. Repeat for the second data set and compare their results.

#### Multiqc

Why: It helps us to obtain a more intuitive comparison

- 1. In the search bar, type **multiqc**
- 2. On the "Which tool was used to generate logs?" tab, choose Fastqc
- 3. Then click on "Insert FastQC output"
- 4. Type of output is raw data
- 5. Add the raw data files generated earlier
- 6. Leave all other parameters at the default

- 7. Run tool
- 8. View the result by clicking on the webpage file produced

#### **Variant Calling**

#### Mapping

- Search for Map with BWA-MEM in the tool search bar, choose the options for longer reads
- 2. We would be using a built-in genome
- 3. Choose Aspergillus flavus NRRL3357 as the reference genome
- 4. Leave other parameters as default

#### Descriptive statistics

- Search for Samtools flagstat in the tool search bar, and choose the options for longer reads
- 2. Select the file generated from the BWA-MEM and leave the output format as txt
- 3. Run tool
- 4. view results

### Generate genotype likelihoods

- 1. Search for **bcftools mpileup** in the tool search bar
- 2. We are using a single BAM alignment input
- 3. Select the file generated from the BWA-MEM
- 4. The reference genome is **Aspergillus flavus NRRL3357**
- 5. Output format is uncompressed VCF
- 6. Run tool

#### Variant calling

- 1. Search for **bcftools call** in the tool search bar, choose the options for longer reads
- 2. Select the file generated from the **bcftools mpileup**
- 3. Leave all other parameters default
- 4. Output format is uncompressed VCF
- 5. Run tool
- 6. View result

# Remove homologous variants and variants with missing phenotype

- 1. Search for Filter data on any column using simple expressions in the tool search bar
- 2. Select the file generated from the bcftools call
- 3. Supply the condition c10 != '0/0': sample genotype information is on the tenth column, != means not equal to, '0/0' represents homologous variants (portions of the genome not different from the reference)
- 4. Run tool
- 5. View result
- 6. Search for Filter data on any column using simple expressions in the tool search bar
- 7. Select the file generated from the last step
- 8. Supply the condition c10 != './.': './.' denotes missing data
- 9. Run tool

## Sorting

- 1. Find sort in the search bar, choose "Sort data in ascending or descending order"
- 2. Sort on column 6: Quality
- 3. Keep every other parameter as the default.
- 4. Variants with high quality are now on top.

## Variant Annotation with Ensembl Fungi VEP

- 1. Search for Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) in the Ensembl tools search bar.
- 2. Select the input file: choose the VCF file generated from the sorting step.
- 3. Species selection: Set species to your organism (e.g., Aspergillus flavus, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, etc.) from the Ensembl Fungi database.
- 4. Input format: keep as VCF.
- 5. Output options: Keep default output as tab-delimited text or select VCF with annotations if you prefer an annotated VCF.
- 6. Annotations to include (keep defaults, but you can also enable if available):
  - Gene symbol
  - Consequence terms (missense, synonymous, stop gained, etc.)
  - Protein domains (Pfam, InterPro)
  - SIFT/PolyPhen predictions (if available for your species)
  - Transcript ID and biotype

In the meantime, a list of variants has been provided for you to use. Run each of these using the "RUN VEP! For this line option".

| AAIH03000093.1 | 2709654 | G        | Α       | 3.02336 |
|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| AAIH03000170.1 | 1814273 | Т        | Α       | 3.02336 |
| AAIH03000282.1 | 926657  | G        | Т       | 3.02336 |
| AAIH03000072.1 | 3023139 | Т        | С       | 3.02501 |
| AAIH03000170.1 | 1417818 | С        | Т       | 3.02996 |
| AAIH03000103.1 | 103700  | taaaaaaa | taaaaaa | 3.03091 |
| AAIH03000103.1 | 598760  | Т        | С       | 3.03539 |
| AAIH03000235.1 | 829594  | G        | Α       | 3.04327 |
| AAIH03000072.1 | 2160575 | Α        | С       | 3.04541 |
| AAIH03000226.1 | 603606  | Т        | Α       | 3.05565 |
| AAIH03000226.1 | 3304340 | Т        | Α       | 3.06291 |
| AAIH03000011.1 | 401846  | G        | Α       | 3.07192 |
| AAIH03000072.1 | 4101557 | Т        | С       | 3.07192 |
| AAIH03000173.1 | 1293019 | tc       | t       | 3.07736 |
| AAIH03000072.1 | 3410716 | С        | T       | 3.08215 |